

Så, som i exempel 4.2.2 har vi:

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{4}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ X^0 & X^1 & X^2 & X^3 \\ | & | & | & | \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_0 \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} (1)^0 & (1)^1 & (1)^2 & (1)^3 \\ (i)^0 & (i)^1 & (i)^2 & (i)^3 \\ (-1)^0 & (-1)^1 & (-1)^2 & (-1)^3 \\ (-i)^0 & (-i)^1 & (-i)^2 & (-i)^3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_0 \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} .1 \\ .3 \\ .5 \\ .7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & i & -1 & -i \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -i & -1 & i \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_0 \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} .1 \\ .3 \\ .5 \\ .7 \end{bmatrix}$$

• lösa med Gausselimination

→ B₄

1	1	1	1		.2	(-1)	1	1	1	1		.2
1	i	-1	-i		.6	d	0	i-1	-2	-i-1		.4 (1)
1	-1	1	-1		1	←	0	-2	0	-2		.8
1	-i	-1	i		1.4	←	0	-i-1	-2	i-1		1.2
1	1	1	1		.2		1	1	1	1		.2
0	i-1	-2	-i-1		.4	↖	0	i-1	-2	-i-1		.4 ↖
0	-2	0	-2		.8	(-1)	0	-2	0	-2		.8 ←
0	-2	-4	-2		1.6	d	0	0	-4	0		.8 →

$$\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & .2 \\ 0 & i-1 & -2 & -i-1 & .4 \quad (-i-1) \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & 0 & .8 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & -2 & .8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & .2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2i+2 & (-i) & -4i-4 \quad (1) \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & 0 & .8 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & -2 & .8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & .2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2i+2 & (-i) & -4i-4 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & 0 & .8 \quad \frac{1}{2}(i+1) \\ 0 & 0 & 2i+2 & 2(-i) & -4i+4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & .2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2i+2 & (-i) & -4i-4 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & 0 & .8 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2(-i) & .8 \end{array}$$

Så har vi:

$$y_0 + y_1 + y_2 + y_3 = .2$$

$$2y_1 + (2i+2)y_2 + (-i)y_3 = -4i-4$$

$$-4y_2 = .8$$

$$(-2 + (-i-1))y_3 = .8$$

Fjärde linje ger: $[-2 + (i^2 + 2i + 1)]y_3 = .8$

$$[-2 + (-1 + 2i + 1)]y_3 = .8$$

$$(-2 + 2i)y_3 = .8 \Rightarrow y_3 = \frac{.8}{(-2 + 2i)}$$

$$y_3 = \frac{.8}{(2+2i)} \cdot \frac{(2-2i)}{(2-2i)} = \frac{-1.6 - 1.6i}{8} = -.2 - .2i$$

Redje linje ger: $y_0 = \frac{-.8}{4} = -.2$

Andra linje ger:

$$2y_1 + (2i+2)y_2 + (-i-1)^2 y_3 = -.4i - .4$$

$$2y_1 + (2i+2)(-.2) + (2i)(-.2 - .2i) = -.4i - .4$$

$$2y_1 - .4i - .4 - .4i + .4 = -.4i - .4$$

$$2y_1 = .4i - .4$$

$$y_1 = .2i - .2$$

Första linje ger:

$$y_0 + .2i - .2 - .2 - .2 - .2i = .2$$

$$y_0 = .8$$

Svaret:

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} y_0 \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} .8 \\ -.2 + .2i \\ -.2 \\ -.2 - .2i \end{bmatrix}$$

4.6

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} .1 \\ .3 \\ .5 \\ .7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B_4 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & i & -1 & -i \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -i & -1 & i \end{bmatrix}$$

Vi vill lösa

$$B_4 \begin{bmatrix} y_0 \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & i & -1 & -i \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -i & -1 & i \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_0 \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} .1 \\ .3 \\ .5 \\ .7 \end{bmatrix} \quad (1)$$

Skapa $F_n := B_n^{-1} = \overline{B_n}$

$$F_4 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -i & -1 & i \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & i & -1 & -i \end{bmatrix}$$

och multiplicera (1) från den vänstra sidan med F_4 :

Kom ihåg!

$$F_4 \cdot B_4 = I$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_0 \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -i & -1 & i \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & i & -1 & -i \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} .1 \\ .3 \\ .5 \\ .7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_0 \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} .1 + .3 + .5 + .7 \\ .1 - .3i - .5 + .7i \\ .1 - .3 + .5 - .7 \\ .1 + .3i - .5 - .7i \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1.6 \\ -.4 + .4i \\ -.4 \\ -.4 - .4i \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} .8 \\ -.2 + .2i \\ -.2 \\ -.2 - .2i \end{bmatrix}$$

